

THE BAPTIST RECORD.

OLD SERIES VOL. XXXV.

JACKSON, MISSISSIPPI, AUGUST 17, 1911

NEW SERIES, VOL. XIII, NO. 33.

Important Notice!

The time of the meeting of the Baptist State Convention has been changed from Wednesday, November 8th, 1911, to Wednesday, November 22nd, 1911, at 10:00 o'clock a. m.

The Mississippi Baptist State Convention adjourned in Greenwood to meet in Gulfport on Wednesday, November 8th, 1911, at 10:00 o'clock a. m. It now develops that the Gulf Coast Exposition will be held in Gulfport from November 6th, to 11th, 1911, and Dr. W. C. Grace, pastor of the Baptist church at Gulfport, advises that it will be impracticable to change the date of the Exposition, inasmuch as a great many of the exhibits will be taken from the State Fair at Jackson, Mississippi, direct to Gulfport. On Sunday, July 30th, 1911, the church at Gulfport, by unanimous vote, asked that the time of the Convention be changed so as not to conflict with the meeting of the Exposition, stating that it would be impossible to entertain both at the same time, and that the management of the Exposition had advised that they could not change the date of the Exposition because of their desire to secure part of the State Fair exhibit, which closes on November 4th. Dr. Grace further advises that it would be impossible for Gulfport to furnish homes for the messengers to the Convention during the week of the Exposition, or during the week preceding or following the Exposition, and suggested that the time of the meeting be changed to October 25th or November 22nd. Gulfport promises very much better entertainment if the date of the Convention is changed.

Dr. Grace has resigned the pastorate of the church at Gulfport, but will continue as pastor until after the Convention has been held.

Gulfport is exceedingly anxious to have the Convention, and agrees to furnish a splendid auditorium for the meetings of the Convention, with the necessary rooms for committee meetings, and states that the auditorium is well lighted, and easily accessible. The church further proposes to entertain all messengers and visitors to the Convention, and Dr. Grace says that he and his church will do all in their power to make the Convention very successful.

It is thought that a change of date to November 22nd is really preferable any way, as it will not interfere with the meetings of any of the Associations.

Article nine of the Constitution of the Mississippi Baptist State Convention provides that the President of the Convention, with the advice of four other officers of the Convention, shall change the time of meeting of the Convention, should it become necessary.

I have taken the matter up with the other officers of the Convention, and it has been concluded to change the time of the meeting of the Convention from November 8th to November 22nd, at 10:00 o'clock a. m., and the President of the Convention, with the advice of E. F. Noel and B. G. Lowrey, Vice-Presidents, W. E. Lee, Secretary, and S. G. Cooper, Statistical Secretary, officers of the Convention, hereby change the time of the annual meeting to Wednesday, November 22nd, 1911, at 10:00 o'clock a. m.

It is earnestly hoped that the Convention may be of especially great benefit to the cause along the coast, where much work is needed, and where our forces ought to be strengthened.

Gulfport promises gracious entertainment. Let our Baptist hosts, both preachers and laymen, in large numbers, attend the Convention, to plan for greater things and better service in the Kingdom of our God.

Fraternally,
W. M. Whittington, President.

Good Articles.

Brother Bailey:

Your issue of 10th, inst. is before me. It is an exceptionally good number. The article of Mrs. Eugenia C. Hurlbutt is not only timely, but it is comprehensive and pointed. We need more denominational high schools or colleges for girls; freed from commercial risks. The Jackson proposition should be accepted.

Then, if not first in importance, is your editorial on the "Home;" for that is really the foundation and beginning of education. The influence of home never dies; hence the necessity of implanting truths in minds and hearts in early childhood by word and example.

A Baptist Hospital—of course! Must we leave this powerful influence under the control of Romanism still? Surely not. We are able to support it, and can find plenty of good workers willing to enter the service. Efforts in other states have proved a grand success, and Mississippi is abundantly able to fall into line.

So old Antioch church, south of Vicksburg is still at work. It brings to me precious memories of nearly seventy years ago, when Brother D. B. Crawford was pastor and old Brother Sexton was evangelizing—one of his stations was Bogue de Sha. Then, among the laymen there was deacon Levi Stephens, father of our sister Emily C. Bolls, and father-in-law of the lamented W. W. Bolls. Bro. D. S. Sexton was a live member in those days and sister Goodrum.

But I must not branch out on this line of personal visitation. In 1851 I was an invalid at the home of Brother E. C. Eager,

who was then pastor of Antioch. When I left he never expected to see me again in the flesh; yet, here am I, and he has gone to his long home. Sister Eager was the most faithful mother I ever knew, and has proved the fact in her descendants.

Passing to other things I notice reports of meetings and results, that is, what we want; not so much the sermons and texts, and "professions," but the confessions, with the work done to the glory of God. Numbers are desirable if they are "doers of the word and not hearers only." Laymen should know their responsibility for the gifts in them, and that "every man shall give account of himself unto God."

L. A. D.

Gems of Thought.

Happiness grows at our own firesides, and is not to be picked in strangers' gardens.—Douglas Jerrold.

"Verily I say unto you, the heart of a man that loves is a paradise on earth. He has God within him, for God is love."

A friend whom you have been gaining your whole life you ought not to be displeased with in a moment. A stone is many years becoming a ruby; take care that you do not destroy it in an instant against another stone.—Saadi.

There is an idea abroad among moral people that they should make their neighbors good. One person I have to make good, myself; but my duty to my neighbor is much more nearly expressed by saying that I have to make him happy, if I may.—Robert Louis Stevenson.

To sin by silence, when we should protest,
Makes cowards out of men.

The human race has climbed on protest,
Had no voice been raised against injustice,
ignorance and lust,
The Inquisition yet would serve the law,
And guillotines decide our least disputes.
The few who dare must speak and speak
again

To right the wrongs of many.

—Ella Wheeler Wilcox.

"What selection is that the orchestra has just finished?" "I don't know. It sounded to me like neuralgia expressed in music!" —Tit-Bits.

Do not make heaven attractive merely by depositing earth. A cheap expedient! Make earth its richest and best, and then be able to make heaven still higher.—Phillips Brooks.

Religion is either the main thing in a man's life or it is nothing. God will have only the first place in any heart.

News in the Circle

MARTIN BALL.

A great meeting has just closed at Scotland church near Winona. The preaching was done by Rev. Fleetwood Ball, of Lexington, Tenn. Twenty-six additions to the church received by baptism.

Pastor F. R. Burney writes: "We are in the midst of a great meeting at Mt. Pleasant church, Holmes county, S. W. Sproles, of Marks, doing the preaching. The greatest meeting in the history of the church. Thirteen received for baptism, two by letter and one recorded."

Pastor W. S. Cooper, of Grenada, will assist Rev. F. R. Burney in a meeting at Spring Hill, Williamson county, this week. The church is in good condition and a great meeting is expected.

Dr. W. D. Nowlin writes that he is having baptism every Sunday evening in connection with his work at Lakeland, Fla. This is just as we expected. Dr. Nowlin is a great preacher.

The Bereans and Philatheas of Ennis, Texas, recently had a linen shower for the benefit of the Sanitarium at Dallas, Texas. A good way to care for the sick.

The contributions for all purposes as reported in the Alabama Convention recently held amounted to \$99,126.00. That was good.

The Baptist Standard reports more than four hundred in the study class at the Texan camp at Palaeos. The attendance is large and the spirit is sky-high.

Rev. C. L. Redley, of Beaumont, Texas, will serve as supply for the Broughton Tabernacle, Atlanta, Ga., in the absence of the pastor, Dr. Len G. Broughton.

The East Mead church, Louisville, Ky., recently set apart to the work of the deacon R. L. Kerr, Alvin Pollard and J. C. Thompson. Rev. W. E. Mason, of Highland Park church, preached the sermon.

Rev. F. G. McConnell, of Waco, Texas, will conduct the annual meeting in the McConnell Tabernacle at Hiawasse, Ga. This is Dr. McConnell's native place.

Rev. W. T. Curtis has moved to Carbon, Texas to enter the pastorate. He has been State Secretary of the State B. Y. P. U. of Texas for some time.

The board of trustees of Howard-Payne College, Texas, have elected Prof. Jno. S. Humphreys to the presidency in the place of Prof. R. H. Hamilton, resigned.

The Normal Course of the Sunday School Board at Nashville, has been introduced into the curriculum of Baylor University, Waco, Texas. This is a move in the right direction.

After holding a good meeting at Kennedy, Texas, the church called to the pastorate Rev. A. L. Ingram, and moves to full time work.

We extend our deepest sympathy to Dr. Geo. W. Trueft, of Dallas, Texas, in the death of his aged mother at Whitewright, Texas. She had passed her 80th year. She anxiously waited for the summons.

Dr. O. L. Hailey, of Corsicana, Texas, recently aided his brother, J. H. Hailey, in a splendid meeting at Amory. Dr. Hailey is a great preacher.

Rev. E. L. Grace, the splendid son of Dr. W. C. Grace, of Gulfport, was recently married to Miss Scott, of Lynchburg, Va. He takes his bride to his happy pastorate in Richmond, Va.

Dr. H. P. Hurt, the pastor of the Bellvue church, Memphis, is serving as supply to the Temple church, Washington, D. C. for August.

Revs. W. B. Hall, of Greenville, and N. W. Bacon, of Sardis, are serving as supplies for the Bellvue church, Memphis, during August.

The Lowrey Memorial church, Blue Mountain, passed very complimentary resolutions concerning the departure of Dr. R. A. Kimbrough to accept the unanimous enthusiastic call to the presidency of Union University, Jackson, Tenn.

Rev. F. M. McConnell takes the place of Dr. Fred Hale as editor of the query department in the Baptist Standard. Dr. Hale made this one of the most interesting features of the great paper.

Quotations and Comments.

By J. A. Lee.

Dear Record:

I have just read an article in "The Review and Expositor" written by Rev. Rufus W. Weaver, of Nashville, Tenn., subject being: "The Emerging Issue."

To my way of thinking, this is one of the ablest written articles I ever read, and with your permission, I will give some quotations and comments. Mr. Weaver makes religion or the cross of Christ the emerging issue and in quoting Mr. Edward Caird he says: "Religion is a conscious relation with the divine being." Let me add, religion gives a person power to conform to the will of the divine, therefore, rebinding him to his Creator.

Quotation No. 1: "The most impressive phase of our modern Christian life is its kindliness and liberality. The religious spirit of our times tends to a loving tolerance, and often to a sentimental dilettantism that emasculates personal conviction. There has never existed in the history of the Christian religion such good fellowship, as we find today among those who differ widely in their religious beliefs. Christianity is following a leadership of commerce and ecclesiastical mergers at home and abroad, are eliminating denominational competition. At the recent free church coun-

cil held in Hull, England, Rev. J. H. Shakespeare, secretary of the Baptist World Alliance, proposed the organization of all the non-conformist churches under the name of "The Free Church of England." Protestants every where are no longer placing the emphasis upon their differences, but upon their agreements. In such a climate there is danger that tolerance will run to seed. The sort of tolerance that is not marked by the union of personal conviction and personal love leading one to hate the error and love him who holds it, but is marked by supine indifference to the belief and destiny of those who differ with us in our conceptions of Christ, but imperil the future of our faith. In our churches there exists strikingly alike in its appearance to the liberality that is laudable, a liberality that is as deadly as it is false. There is widespread belief that Jesus was mistaken in regard to His teaching upon future punishment. "Our loving Heavenly Father will not suffer any to be lost" is an easy complacent creed of thousands who retain membership in our evangelical churches. They do nothing to seek the lost, for they expect the lost to be saved anyhow, or if they are lost, nothing very harmful will happen to them. The Gospel becomes not only old-fashioned, but out of date."

In this Mr. Weaver goes to the roots of things that are necessary. The present day idea of religious union is to destroy denominational life, and when we do, we will be at sea. Christ is responsible for denominational life, and when we destroy it we will have religious confusion infidelity, and all manner of evils instead of religious union.

Quotation No. 2: Regarding books and denominational schools, he says: "The Liberals are writing the notable books in our religious literature. The great educational institutions of Christendom have revolted against the control of orthodox Christianity. In 1850 there were in this country one hundred and twenty colleges and universities, seventy-seven of which were then under denominational control; of these nineteen have changed their charters, and are now described as non-sectarian. These nineteen institutions, revereant to their obligations and unfaithful to their founders, have gained endowment which now amounts to over \$53,000,000.00. The fifty-eight institutions that have kept faith with their founders have a total endowment of barely \$11,000,000.00. These nineteen colleges and universities sold their birth right, but not for a mess of pottage. There are only three educational institutions in this country under strict denominational control that have endowment amounting to as much as a million dollars—Vanderbilt, Haverford, and Swarthmore—one Methodist and two the Society of Friends. The total endowment of educational institutions in this country under guaranteed Christian control, is barely \$30,000,000, while the endowment of non-sectarian institutions—institutions that are not required to give the Christian interpretation to life is over \$220,000,000. Mr. Carnegie, through his foundations, has struck Christianity a blow, the heaviest which it

has received in all modern times. Schools, born of prayer, reared by toil and sacrifices of our sainted dead, have fallen under the spell of his malign secularization. Mr. Carnegie born down by the infirmities of age, is nearing the valley of the shadow of death. He has set the world of wealth an illustrious example in splendid generosity; yet he must face the fact that he has closed more doors of learning in the face of Jesus Christ than any other man who ever lived.

Mr. Carnegie needs our prayers, but more, at the sunset hour and as the darkness deepens, he needs the companionship of Jesus Christ, the rightful teacher and Savior of men.

I am aware that Mr. Carnegie's friends insist that he is not opposed to religion but to sectarianism. An anarchist by the same reasoning, could hold that he was not opposed to government although he was in violent opposition to all governments that are in existence.

What Mr. Weaver has to say about Mr. Carnegie is what I have believed for some years but have never made a public statement of the fact, for I have learned that small fish must stay in shallow water or they will be devoured by larger ones.

Quotation No. 3. In regard to the attitude of the civilized world towards Christianity, he says: "When Senor Marconi announced that he had discovered a method of communication without connecting wires there were three tests that were applied to his invention of wireless telegraphy. 1. Proofs that such communication was possible. 2. That the waves of the upper atmosphere were surcharged with sufficient power to carry his message over greatly extended areas. 3. That this method of communication was of practical value. His invention successfully met these three tests. To every inventor, every institution, every organization seeking a permanent place, civilization applies the three tests of proof, power and practicality. Religion in times past has not been compelled to undergo these ordeals, but in our civilization there is no escape, for we live in the American epoch and under a constitution that declares that there shall be no connection between the social forces that make for government and the social forces that make for the different systems of religion. In the laboratory of American thought, these tests are being made.

1. There is the demand that evangelical Christianity shall prove its claims that these proofs shall contain nothing but what is intelligible, reasonable, credible. 2. Evangelical Christianity must manifest a power making for righteousness in the individual producing a higher moral character than could otherwise be attained. 3. Evangelical Christianity must show itself to be an essential factor in human progress making for wealth, culture, noble character revealing its practical value in the lives of individuals by stimulating them to the development of all their latent powers and inspiring them to exercise these powers in the interest of all and for the good of all. Civilization makes these demands, not in the

interest of any religion, but in the interest of human progress. These tests make the ordeal of orthodoxy."

With the above facts I find myself to be in hearty accord. These things are now demanded, not so much from a denominational standpoint, but of the individual. 1. Is it possible? 2. Has it power? 3. Is it practical?

The civilized world is today looking at the professed Christian and asking these questions. When they have been successfully answered in the individual life then the cause of Christ will move out with a new power.

(Continued next week.)

The Woman's College Proposition.

No thoughtful observer can doubt that the time has arrived for the establishment by Mississippi Baptists of a great woman's college. We need a school for women that will give as good advantages and finished culture as Mississippi College does for men. And let me humbly observe that fifteen or twenty-five thousand dollars will not build such an institution. In my judgment it will be a thousand pities and calamitous to the enterprise to get it embarrassed by little local individual offers and propositions. We will want propositions at the right time, but let us organize and get ready to do things in a great way first. Let us have an education commission and send them into the field armed for big game and give the whole State a chance at the enterprise. If it is properly organized and presented, some community in Mississippi will give the Baptists a hundred acres of land, and a hundred thousand dollars in money, or more, to aid in founding a woman's college.

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L. E. Barton.

The Young Preacher Who Gets a Theological Education.

(By Rev. E. Y. Mullins, Pres. The Southern Baptist Theological Seminary, Louisville, Ky.)

I have had twelve years of experience with young men seeking a theological education. I have been struck with the differences between men in their desires and purposes for special training for the ministry. There are certain traits, which appear, as a rule, in the man who comes to the Seminary, especially in the men who come and stay long enough to complete a course of one, two or three years. I name some of those traits:

1. The first is earnestness. The man who comes believes thoroughly in his life's work, takes it seriously, believes it calls for the best there is in him, and has a keen sense of responsibility to God. He is in earnest.

2. He is persevering. Sometimes he has to wait, but he does not lose heart on this account. There are many discouragements, many obstacles. These he patiently overcomes. Obtaining a training for the ministry is like any other great undertaking. It calls for manhood.

3. The preceding is but another form of saying that such a man has purpose, has will. No man can succeed in the ministry without a staunch purpose and a definite life plan. The ministry has too many obstacles for success otherwise.

4. He has ambition. He is not content with small success. He aims high. He believes God meant for His ministers to do a great work in the world. He believes in himself in the best sense. He knows that all his power comes from God, but he also knows that with God to reinforce his efforts he is bound to succeed.

The way opens to young men of the above description. Financial help can be had. Friends will help them, circumstances will help them. God's providence will help them. Failure is impossible if the young man seriously and purposefully takes up the task of fitting himself for the ministry. I shall be glad to correspond with any who are grappling with the problem.

Pisgah.

Brother J. C. Robinson, of Luling, Texas, began to preach for us at Pisgah church last Sunday at 11:00 a. m. He preached five days and nights. His sermons were all good and they were a great help to all the church. Four joined for baptism and one by letter. Brother Robinson preaches with great power.

C. L. Lewis.

Clinton, Miss., Aug. 11, 1911.

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Despondency.

Despondency is a sin—a dark and bitter sin—that kills the heart and dwarfs the soul. Men have troubles of their own, but it is said that burning tears should never blind us to the fact that God has made to look beyond the tumult of the years—the strife that causes discouragement on the battlefield of Time—that ends for all that's best within us when the burden makes us weary and the way is stony with stones and thorns for tired feet.

Beyond the fog the sun is shining and the breeze is sweet with flower souls that melt into the air for those who never see the hidden bloom—the bloom that in God's love, by day and raindrop kissed, from all their sad, neglected loneliness, pass on that sweet carelessness.

Ah, ready tears and bitterness—why should they leave their dimness in the tender eyes—the shadows in the heart that's made for sunshine and for love—the wrinkles in the snowy purity of the immortal soul while waiting angels reach to life that's all above the ills of life—the ills that are embraced in cold reserve—in dark despondency become a bitter curse to us and loved ones, too, 'till all is but a desert waste, a long cold emptiness of gloom.

—And can we doubt our God, or shed rebellious tears when blessings that He fills our souls with every day and every night are not what we deserve. There's in His slight gift a thing divine—in every ray of sunlight from His hand a benediction that will last in all the years to come—in all eternity, and if we feel them not and heed them not, we lose a priceless heritage. He

sets His rainbow in the tears of Love and Gratitude.

Song Books.

The Baptist Record keeps constantly on hand a good supply of Lasting Hymns, Greatest Hymns, The Evangel, and many other kinds of song books. There are two reasons why we feel entitled to your patronage: 1. We sell you the books at publishers' prices. 2. You can get the books anywhere in the State the day after your order reaches us. Write us for any book you want.

Rev. J. P. Williams, of Mendenhall, is at Palestine, Texas in a meeting with the pastor.

See in another column advertisement of house for rent in Clinton by Captain W. T. Ratliff, Raymond.

Miss M. M. Lackey, of Clinton, is running an advertisement in our columns of a house and lot for sale or rent in Clinton, Miss.

The next meeting of the Baptist State Convention will be held with the First church, Gulfport, beginning on November 22, 1911, at 10:00 a.m. It was necessary to change the time from Nov. 8th to Nov. 22nd.

Home Board Evangelist, Rev. W. A. McComb will supply during the remainder of August and first Sunday in September for Immanuel Baptist church, Washington, D. C. In a former issue we printed it New York instead of Washington.

Rev. J. H. Coin, lately pastor at Greenville, is now giving himself fully to evangelistic work, and may be addressed at No. 200 Highland Ave., Atlanta, Ga. The testimonials of some of the strongest preachers in the South attest Brother Coin's efficiency as an evangelist.

The copy for Woman's Page was prepared and sent to this office by Sister Price, editor of Woman's Page, but by some means lost between our office and the printery. We regret this and will endeavor to prevent its repetition.

Baptists of the World.

The new edition of the Encyclopedia Britannica gives very full statistical tables of the number of Baptists in the world of which copy, slightly changed in arrangement, is here given. It will be observed that this high authority classes the Disciples of Christ as Baptists, and includes them in the totals of Baptists in the world. But for the information of our readers we have indicated the number of Baptists in the United States and, in the world, both with and without including the Disciples of Christ.

Churches Members
U. S., North 8,894 986,821
U. S. South 20,431 1,832,638
U. S., Negro 16,996 2,110,269

46,321 4,929,728

14 other bodies 7,921 414,775

54,242 5,344,503

Disciples of Christ 11,157 1,235,798

65,399 6,580,301

Canada 985 103,062

Mex. and Cent. Am. 58 1,820

South America 63 3,641

West Indies 318 42,310

Baptists in Am. 66,823 6,731,134

South Africa 52 4,865

Australasia 270 23,253

Ceylon 25 1,044

Congo 21 4,673

West Africa 10 629

Philippines 4 425

Palestine 1 106

India 1,215 121,716

China 137 12,160

Japan 40 2,326

Great Br. and Ire. 2,934 426,563

Sweden 567 43,305

Germany 180 32,462

Russia and Poland 131 24,136

Italy 53 1,375

Finland 43 2,301

Austria-Hungary 37 9,783

Norway 39 2,849

Denmark 29 3,954

France 28 2,278

Switzerland 8 796

Spain 7 245

Roumania and Bul. 5 374

Netherlands 22 1,413

Totals 72,681 7,454,165

Less Dis. of Christ 61,524 6,218,367

—The Watchman.

As They Carry Them By to the Prison Yard.

Outside my window they carry them by,
And always they bring from my heart a
sigh;

When I look on their faces by sin made
hard,

As they carry them by to the prison yard.

Some are all sullen and sodden with hate,
And some are defiant and question their
fate;

But I grieve at the faces by sin made hard,
As they hurry them by to the prison yard.

And some are so young, I look for the tears,
That come to the erring of tender years.

But sin dries tears and it makes them hard,
These boys on their way to the prison yard.

And some are so old, they are wrinkled and
gray,

And they shuffle and stumble along the
way;

But they all look old and they all look hard,
As they carry them by to the prison yard.

O, sister and sweetheart, and fair young
bride!

O, mother and daughter, and wife outside!
Your tears on my heart are falling hard,
And I go with you, too, to that prison yard!

Frank N. Selser.

Jackson, June 30, 1911.

ASSOCIATION MEETINGS.

August.

West Judson—Mt. Gillead, four miles north of Blue Springs, Frisco Railway, Tuesday, 29.

September.

Chickashay—Enterprise, M. & O. and N. O. & N. E. Ry., Friday, 1.

Sunflower—Marks, Y. & M. V. Ry., Tuesday, 5.

Pearl River—Magee's Creek, two miles west of Darbun, in Pike County, Tuesday, 5.

Oxford—Batesville, I. C. Ry., Tuesday, 5.

Copiah—Strong Hope, Wednesday, 6.

Lauderdale—Arkadelphia, 14 miles north of Meridian, Wednesday, 6.

Strong River—Braxton, G. & S. I. Ry., Wednesday, 6.

Columbus—Brooksville, M. & O. Ry., Friday, 8.

Hobolo Chitto—Thursday, 26.

Magee's Creek—

Red Creek—

Tombigbee—Thursday, 19.

Trinity—Friday, 27.

We will thank the brethren to give us information so we can fill in above blanks, and to make any correction in above matter.

Deer Creek—Greenville, Southern and Y. & M. V. Ry., Monday, 8 p. m., 9.

Aberdeen—M. & O. Ry., Tuesday, 10.

Yalobusha—New Hope, 10 miles east of Coffeeville, I. C. Ry., Wednesday, 11.

Choctaw—Binnsville, Kemper County, Friday, 13.

Kosciusko—Pine Bluff, six miles east of Vaiden, Friday, 13.

Hopewell—Morton, A. & V. Ry., Friday night, 13.

Lincoln County—Friendship, M. C. Ry., Friday, 13.

Monroe County—Aberdeen, M. & O. and Frisco Rys., Wednesday, 18.

Harmony—Mt Zion, 15 miles west of Union, Friday, 20.

Lebanon—Sumrall, M. C. Ry., Wednesday, 25.

White Creek—

Red Creek—

Tombigbee—Thursday, 19.

Trinity—Friday, 27.

We will thank the brethren to give us information so we can fill in above blanks, and to make any correction in above matter.

Whitewright, Texas.

A word in regard to my work here may be of some interest to the readers of the Baptist Record. Whitewright is situated in the black belt of Texas, and is a beautiful little town of a little more than 2,000 population, the Baptist church is the strongest church in the town.

Zion—Sabougla, 10 miles southwest of Calhoun City, Wednesday, 20.

Union—White Oak, Wednesday, 20.

Tippah—Macedonia, two miles of Blue Mountain, N. O., M. & C. Ry., Wednesday, 20.

Coldwater—Hernando, I. C. Ry., Wednesday, 20.

Calhoun—Derma, M. & O. Ry., Wednesday, 20.

Rankin County—Steen's Creek, G. & S. I. Ry., Tuesday, 26.

Bogue Chitto—Shady Grove, one mile of Shack's Crossing, on Butterfield Ry., Wednesday, 27.

Lawrence County—Hepsibah, three miles east of Arm, G. & S. I. Ry., Thursday, 28.

Carey—Gloster, Y. & M. V. Ry., Friday, 29.

Oktibbea—Pine Grove, Lauderdale County, Saturday, 30.

Liberty—Pleasant Hill, five miles west of Quitman, M. & O. Ry., Saturday, 30.

Chesty—Double Springs, five miles south of Maben, Southern and N. O., M. & C. Ry., Saturday, 30.

October.

New Liberty—Pine Grove, Simpson County, —.

Leaf River—Richton.

Central—Jackson, Wednesday, 4.

Yazoo—Goodman, I. C. Ry., Wednesday, 4.

Pearl Leaf—Oral, G. & S. I. Ry., Wednesday, 4.

Gulf Coast—Pascagoula, L. & N. Ry., Wednesday, 4.

Mississippi—Mt. Olive, 15 miles northeast of Liberty, Thursday, 5.

Louisville—Chestnut Grove, five miles east of Ackerman, Saturday, 7.

Sunday School Lesson

To Be Studied With Open Bible

THE STORY OF TWO KINGDOMS.

Miss H. M. Lackey.

Lesson 8.

August 20.

Jer. 37:4-21.

Jeremiah Cast into Prison.

Golden Text: "Blessed are ye when men shall reprove you, and persecute you, and say all manner of evil against you falsely, for my sake." Matt. 5:11.

The setting of this lesson is supposed to be about seventeen years after the burning of the Temple. Jehoiakim remained loyal to the king of Babylon for three years and then revolted. He died before seeing the folly of his course and his son Jehoiakim, only eighteen years old, took the throne. His reign lasted only three months when he and the best of his people were carried into captivity in Babylon. (See 2nd Kings, 24:14). The king of Babylon made Mataniah, Jehoiakim's brother, king, and changed his name to Zedekiah. After eight years he, too, rebelled and soon Judah was once more overrun and Jerusalem besieged by the Babylonian forces. Jeremiah's resolute stand for truth and righteousness only made him more unpopular and several times nearly cost him his life. Be sure to read chapters 37 and 38 to get the lesson setting. Then read Isa. 2:19-22 and 4:10 to get some idea of the suffering during the siege.

Who was king of Judah at this time? (Verse 1.)

What foreign army was besieging the city?

Who had placed Zedekiah on the throne of Judah?

How had his name been changed?

What was his character? (2nd Kings, 24:19; Jer. 38:5.)

Who did he revolt against the king of Babylon? (He foolishly expected help from Egypt.)

Was his confidence in Egypt justified? (No; Egypt had failed Judah many times.)

Where liberty did Jeremiah still enjoy? (Verse 1.)

Who caused the Babylonians to raise the siege of Jerusalem? (Verse 5. They went to meet the Egyptians.)

What message did Jeremiah repeatedly give the people?

Who before this had he given the same message? (Jer. 36:29-31.)

Why was it not a popular message?

Why did Jeremiah continue to prophesy? (20:9.)

What has he suffered because of the stand he took? (See 1:21; 20:1, 2, 7; 26:8-9.)

Did he like to be unpopular? (9:2; 15:10, 23:14.)

What message would have given him the greatest favor? (28:1-4; 10:11.)

What charge was made against Jeremiah? (How was the change both true and false?)

What shows that he really sought the good of his people?

Our China Letter.

Perhaps, there never was a more critical period in the history of China than now. Many things are in a state of transition. The systems of government, education, transportation, modes of thought and activity are all undergoing an almost kaleidoscopic change. This is being effected so rapidly that it is enough to make one pause and consider if these reforms cannot come too quickly, for it takes a large mass like China a considerable time to acquire the momentum of modern progressive ideas, and if these

ideas come too suddenly and are not assimilated, a great upheaval or revolution is not unlikely. This is exactly what took place in China in 1898 when many reforms were promulgated by the Emperor only to be annulled by a court clique led by the Empress Dowager. This reactionary movement culminated in the Boxer Rebellion of 1900.

There may be those who think that such an outbreak cannot be repeated. I, myself, think that the next trouble in China, if it comes, will not be anti-foreign in its aim at the outset; it will be anti-dynastical against the Tartar or Manchus who now have control here. But this must be borne in mind that whenever an outbreak occurs, if it does occur the disorderly and depraved elements are disposed to vent feelings of prejudice and superstition against the missionaries and other foreigners. This might happen in a few cases. In my judgment there will never again be such a general movement against foreigners as in the case of the Boxer War.

But what are the grounds for all this talk of dissension and war? Is not all this the nightmare of an alarmist? Let us see. We may as well readily admit that there are many chances that no trouble will come at all. Be that as it may, the present situation is full of powder. In Canton, about two months ago, some two hundred revolutionaries went to almost certain death in order to begin an uprising against the Manchu dynasty. They failed, owing to the fidelity of the soldiers. But who can say when such men as these who are highly intelligent and fanatically patriotic will win over the foreign drilled troops. Signs are not lacking which point to the fact that if China were to lose any part of her present possessions at the present juncture, that almost certainly there would be a tremendous effort made to put the Manchus off the throne of China.

Ten years ago China was a race—today it is a nation. In two hundred years China as a nation has engaged in no war. Of course, there have been wars, but they have not been entered into by the Empire as a whole. The war with Japan in 1895 was fought by only a few of the eighteen provinces of China proper. It affected the others scarcely at all. All this is now changed. Newspapers, telegraph and railroads have bound China into one as never before in all its history. The Chinese have become patriotic. But haven't they always been so; haven't they always been the most self-sufficient of all peoples? Hitherto, patriotism has not been the outstanding characteristic of the Chinaman. The province was the unit, not the Empire. The Chinese regard a stranger from another province who speaks a different dialect, almost as we do a rank outsider. Dr. A. J. Brown has well pointed out that while in Japan the government is all in all; in China the contrary doctrine is held and practiced that the individual is to look out for himself and let the government look out for itself. Once when the British fleet was going to attack Nanking, the men in the city on the opposite shore entertain-

ed the officers of the fleet royally. A Chinese regiment fought against the Boxers in 1900. Needless to say, you couldn't hire many Japanese to fight against their own land. But all this is changing and we are beholding the rise of the patriotic spirit here though after it has many singular concomitant manifestations.

Perhaps you have been reading of the vast amount of money borrowed by China to take over the railroads now in operation and to build more. Truly this is a new day in China. The new system of schools modeled after our own are in full operation.

Many think of China as a place so full of people that there is scarce elbow room. This is true of most of the eighteen provinces of China proper. Here in Honan there are 520 people to the square mile and in Shantung there are 683 to the square mile. Still there are provinces in China which can support a much larger population and some of the outlying dependencies like Mongolia, for instance, could take care of a population many fold greater than its present number of inhabitants. Besides, these sparsely settled districts are the richest of all in mineral resources. There is much room for development here, old as the nation is.

I was talking only a few days ago with another missionary about the effect of the improvements. Dr. C. S. Gardner's Convention sermon hit at the root of some of the evils of our civilization as seen by the Oriental. The vices as well as the virtues of modern nations come with the railroads and other improvements. But on the whole it is more than likely that New China will look more and more to Christianity for a time, at least. But we must seize the opportunity of taking hold of this vast Empire for Christ. Some years ago Christianity had such an opportunity in Japan as it now has in China but our people knew not their opportunity and consequently work in Japan is now exceedingly difficult and the country is getting morally worse every year, whatever you may say of its military qualities. May we pray, may we give, may we labor for the coming of the King in China.

Hendon M. Harris.
Chengchow, Hanon, interior China.

A Drastic Plea for Missions.

It may be that some of the Mississippi College boys of twelve or fourteen years ago, and also a few of the girls of Hillman College, of the same time, may have some faint recollection of one Jack Hackett who infested Clinton and the College about that time, and who was said to be one of the conservative eratics. Well, they may be interested to know that he is still somewhere, if not among the people who are said to be of the "who's who" variety that we read about. Well, besides that of holding down a good and profitable job with Uncle Sam, that of Chief Clerk in the Adj. General's office in the P. I. Government in the far east, he is editor and publisher of the Mindanao Herald, a weekly newspaper issued in Zamboanga, the capital city of the Island of Min-

danao, the next largest of the islands of the Archipelago.

He has been there seen much of and therefore knows.

This plea for missions will show where the dear old boy's heart is, and that he has not lost his interest in the welfare of humanity. It is from the leading editorial of his paper of a very recent date.

Jack, you know, run the Baptist Record office for several years as foreman and office editor, and while he may not have inherited much from his dad, he is not without the writing or editorial instinct. But here is his plea for missions:

INDIA.

The Peninsula of India has 290,000,000 human beings. Bubonic plague often slays 20,000 per week. 200,000 is the annual tribute of lives claimed by cholera.

One notable famine accounted for 5,250,000 dead people; yet the whole of British India has a population of 279 to the square mile. Vultures perch on high gates and ruined turrets and cast covetous eyes upon the moving masses of humanity; the gray-headed Indian crow is everywhere alert, thieving and impudent. Monkeys swarm the housetops and trees and their impudent grimaces and jovial chatter are in marked contrast to the general sadness of the panorama of landscape and life. An impression of melancholy and poverty overwhelms the traveler. The common people are the saddest picture of all, being weary, lean, scantily clothed, and "toiling for leave to live."

The bonds of caste doom the progeny of the burden bearers to lives of bearing burdens. They are intensely religious but it is a religion of gloom. They are doing penance for sins committed in a previous state of existence. Misfortunes are punishments and their priests warn them of worse troubles to come which may be averted only by substantial offerings.

Their fatalistic code is "what will be will be" but the pangs of hunger inspire a hope for one more meal and that after death their bodies may be cremated and their ashes received by the sacred Ganges.—The Mindanao Herald.

Could anything be more pathetic! And shall it not move the hearts of God's people to make all possible effort to reach such people with the Gospel?

Editor Baptist Record:
Dear Brother:

I wish to write a few lines concerning our Baptist affairs at Magnolia, Miss.

Rev. R. L. Bunyard is the popular and efficient pastor. He has been on the field about one and one-half years and has enjoyed signal blessings from God in his labors of love. He is magnificently reinforced in his work by his gentle, wise and tactful wife. She is a most splendidly consecrated Christian woman. She does much in organizing the young people of the church, and I believe of the State also in Christian labor and love, and is peculiarly fitted for this blessed work.

The church at Magnolia is strong in num-

bers and in quality and becoming each day more aggressive in spiritual things.

Among the membership are gifted lawyers, physicians and business men, giving much prestige and usefulness to the church. The Sunday School has Judge Price, the splendid Christian lawyer as superintendent. There are about thirty strong farmers and their families in the church and constitute a spiritual force that will mighty tell for the kingdom of God.

I predict that Brother Bunyard and his church will do things of great consequence for the salvation of the community and of the world.

Mrs. Hunt and I had the great pleasure of being with this good church in a two-weeks' meeting recently. We were royally entertained in the good home of lawyer Mitchell and wife.

May Heaven's blessings be upon all the good friends we met during our visit among them.

And, most of all, may every member of the church be a real soul-winner.

H. A. Hunt.
Home Board Evangelist.

The West Meeting.

We began our meeting at West on Monday following the 4th Sunday in July. We continued five days having three preachers. The pastor preached one and one-half sermons and Brother T. L. Holcomb the same amount. You wonder how this happened! Well, Brother Holcomb reached us Monday night, having had a chill Sunday night. He preached Monday night and started his sermon Tuesday morning and took another chill. I took his text and finished his sermon. He had to leave. We drove to Lexington and laid hold on Brother T. W. Green and preached him for three and one-half days. Both of these brethren did fine preaching and the people were much pleased with them.

We received three for baptism. They were excellent people. Our church there is very much encouraged.

For two years prior to the present pastor's term, the church was without a pastor. We have received eight by letter and three by baptism during the past eight months. The ladies have bought and nearly paid for a nice piano for the church. We have come up well on all objects that have been presented.

M. J. Derrick.

A Request.

We fail each year to get many churches to report their Sunday Schools in the letters to the Associations and some Associations make no report of Sunday Schools in the minutes. Now, we do not want to miss a single school this year, and hence the following request:

Pastors, and superintendents will please see that a report of your schools are made and then see that the clerk of your Association makes notation of same in the minutes.

Will you do this?

J. E. Byrd.

The Light of the Cross Our Hope.
A church membership, able to say, with Paul, "For me to live is Christ," is indeed the light of the world. All men know that their lives are wrong. They know right from wrong. There is enough of the true light in the world to show us all, saint and sinner, this much. But all men do not know that they are lost. They do not realize that their wrongs mean their condemnation. They can't grasp the force of the truth that "the soul that sinneth, it shall die" or that "sin brings death." They sin without realizing that "the wages of sin is death." You may stand and preach these awful truths to a sinner until dooms day and you can't make him feel nor realize the truth. Men can only see and know that they are lost under the light of the cross. Then it is not only our duty as Christians to bear the cross, but to be crucified on it. When we are indeed crucified with Christ, we can say, "For me to live is Christ." Our lives will indeed be the Christ life in us. The old man is then dead. We have been taken out of the world and are not of the world. True, we have been sent back to the world, but not to be of the world, but to be witnesses to the world. We are sent to reflect the light of the cross that the lost may see and know that they are lost. When our church membership comes to stand for these gospel truths, we will find politics, business and society lifted upon a higher plane. The political ideals of the nation now and then with the standard of requirement of church membership. The standard of requirement of members in your church is higher than that of the most inconsistent members in your church. If one member is allowed to get drunk and go unrebuked, of course, every member would be allowed to do the same thing, if they wanted to do so.

(To be continued.)
Wm. E. Rutledge.

A Little More and a Little Less.

By Stephen A. Northrop.

A little more deed and a little less creed, A little more giving and a little less greed; A little more bearing other people's load, A little more Godspeeds on the dusty road; A little more rose and a little less thorn, To sweeten the air for the sick and forlorn; A little more song and a little less gloom. And coins of gold for the uplift of the slum; A little less kicking the man that is down, A little more smile and a little less frown; A little more Golden Rule in marts of trade, A little more sunshine and a little less shade; A little more respect for fathers and mothers, A little less stepping on the toes of others; A little less knocking and a little more cheer For the struggling hero that's left in the rear; A little more of love and a little less hate, A little more of neighborly chat at the gate; A little more of the helping hand by you and me, A little less of this graveyard sentimentality; A little more of flowers in the pathway of life, A little less on coffins at the end of the strife.

—From Pearson's Magazine.

church member was a rich man. I know of one lot of 200 men where he paid them \$2 each for their votes. His money was spent hand over fist in all the saloons of the city. But the man himself doesn't drink—he is a very devout (?) church member. He makes temperance speeches. You say this is just one case. That is true. It is just one but there are many more. I could name many of them and there are more I don't know that others do know. There are enough of such people in our churches to dim the light of the cross as it is borne by the members of our churches today. The hope of this country is the true, undimmed light of the cross. A church membership that is dead to the world, a church membership who can say and say truthfully, "For me to live is Christ." Under the light of the cross sin and corruption can't prosper. Then, to preachers and church members of this great nation, let me beg, move the shade and wipe away the smoke, and let the full, clear, effulgent rays of the cross shine out from your lives and make truth and righteousness so clear and plain that none can fail to see and know that Jesus does save. Filth and corruption in politics will largely disappear under the light of the cross.

Guided by the clear, undimmed light of the cross, we could not vote for either one of the candidates described above. When the light of the cross shines as God intends it shall, and we believe it will in this country, it will be impossible for such men to be nominated for office. The whole responsibility is upon our churches. Are we going to meet it? The answer of this question is largely with our pastors and their official boards.

(To be continued.)
Wm. E. Rutledge.

Revival at Ora.

Ora abides under a tidal wave of revival influence. One of the most remarkable revival meetings, perhaps, in the history of the Baptists at Ora, Miss., closed on Wednesday night, Aug. 2, 1911. In some respects it was a great meeting. For eight or ten days the pastor, Rev. Zeno Wall, preached twice a day to attentive and appreciative congregations. His sermons were of the quality of clearness and strength attended by the presence and power of the Holy Spirit. Christians of other denominations were deeply interested, and wrought in the meeting. The meeting resulted in forty admissions to the church, including those received by letter and baptism. Personal differences were adjusted, Christians had their strength renewed, the church was elevated to loftier plains of experience and activity, and better conditions prevail throughout the town.

The new and beautiful church building just completed stands as a monument to the zeal and devotion of its membership.

Canton, China, July 12, 1911.

Dear Record:

I wish to thank you for the good report of the Convention held at Jacksonville. I am proud of our Mississippi Baptists doing so well for missions last year. But let each one of us have a talk with himself or herself and with the Master. You did well last year. Did you do as well as you might have done? Could you not as individuals give what you did give earlier in the year? Better still, could you not give every month? And save interest on say, \$30,000 that came in the last month, which was about \$1,500—enough to support two missionaries and more. Ask yourself and the Savior about these things.

Last week we held our mission meeting. We made our estimate for 1912 at this meeting. There was in our hearts a depressed spirit and at every item it was said let us ask for as little as possible. Many cherished hopes and plans for new work had to be dropped. Our hopes for new missionaries have to be deferred. The debt on the Board has cast a gloom over us that is hard to describe, and hinders in our work.

Our work is full of encouragement—many baptisms. Our workers are taking up the burdens as fast as they can, giving more and doing more work for the spread of the Gospel than ever before, building more chapels, helping in our educational work more than ever before. Let us, one and all, work and pray, or pray and work, and give so the debt will be paid and our Board be out of debt next year when you meet in Oklahoma City.

With love, I am, your co-worker in the Master's service.

E. Z. Simmons.

Union Church, Clarke County.

Thursday, August 17, 1911.

THE BAPTIST RECORD.

Chickasahay Baptist Association.

To pastors and members of churches composing the Chickasahay Baptist Association:

The next session of the Chickasahay Association will convene with the Enterprise Baptist church on Friday, Sept. 1st, 1911. Churches should endeavor to select delegates that will be there at the opening and remain until the close of the session.

If you have not taken a collection for the several objects fostered by the denomination, will you not do so before the Association meets? How many Sunday Schools will report they are giving one Sabbath's collection in each month or better still, giving \$5.00 a month, which takes care of one orphan. I see that the receipts have fallen off so much this spring that Brother Carter has had to borrow \$1,000 from a bank.

If all the Sunday Schools would give the first Sabbath's collection in each month to this object that would bring in money every month and it would not be necessary to borrow money to tide over the summer months.

State Missions is in need of money and do not fail to send in a nice sum during this month.

It is desired that the Woman's Missionary Societies will send delegates so that they can have a series of meetings while the Association is in session.

The good people of Enterprise are anxious that you send a full delegation and from past experience we know that we will be given a royal welcome and entertainment.

W. H. Patton, Moderator.
Shubuta, Miss., August 10, 1911.

Mormanism.

Some years ago a couple of Mormons came to Meridian and wanted to preach; but they were advised in a friendly way to desist, lest they might not be well received.

They went southward; visiting families and distributing their literature.

They are shrewd talkers and remarkably good colporters. Much of their doctrine is perverted Judaism, based on passages from the Old Testament, and largely from the teachings of Joe Smith—the founder of their church. They are strict immersionists, it seems; going so far as to insist that it is essential to salvation.

Several of their missionaries have been in Meridian recently with books and tracts for sale or gift. Confining them to the New Testament and they are evidently at disadvantage; but do not give up to discouragement. They appear to have full confidence in their work, and have made some converts in the lower counties of our State.

In church government they are despotic, and obey orders clearly, in faithfulness, even against the government, it is believed. But the chief objection urged against them is their advocacy and practice of polygamy.

Of course, their adoption of a book as authority, claimed as a dispensation and called the Book of Mormon, is to us a rank heresy.

We Baptists are not perfect, nor as strict as we should be against heresies, having departed from discipline in a measure, and borrowed some questionable observances from other sects. Encroachments have been made by the world with what they call "no harm" amusements and entertainments, to the neglect of golden opportunities of doing good, and often bringing reproach upon their profession and the cause of Christ.

The Mormons have arguments for their support; we have none for our defense, but rather beg the question. For example, where is the warrant for the term communion, so frequently used against us? Why build temples, instead of obeying the command to "go, teach," and insist upon eloquent sermons rather than upon "doing the Word?" From whence comes "Easter" and we may say "Christmas?" We forgot to study the word, and may fail even to read it; much less, like the Bereans, who searched the Scriptures daily to see whether Paul preached the truth.

L. A. D.

New Hebron.

Have just closed an eight days' meeting at New Hebron, which began August 4th. Brother J. W. Lee, of Batesville, did the preaching. The congregations were large. The attention was all that could be desired. The preaching was of the Pauline type. Christians were edified and built up in the faith and sinners were saved. To God be all the glory. Brother Lee owes it to the cause of truth to put in pamphlet form his sermon on "Christ, the One Mediator between God and Man."

W. L. Brunson, Jr.

J. E. Thigpen.

By Martyr Blessed.

By Aaron G. Davis.

There is a cross by Martyr blessed;
In agony He died;
In shame and sorrow, rent and torn.
A God was crucified.

In meek humility He found
The very depths of all
There is of woe, and from the land
He took the cup of gall.
While waiting worlds were lost in night,
And Hell stood to destroy,
The angels brought to wretched man
The tidings of great joy.

There was a man, born of the poor,
With triumph from on high,
A man who conquered as He died,
As but a God can die!
Oh, Lamb of Sacrifice, Thy blood,
In ransom for the lost,
Shall never fail till man is free
From all the sins it cost.

Oh, Conqueror, what more can we
Of glory dream but Thee—
When prostrate angels fail, with harps
That thrill Eternity!
We can but follow. All we know
He reached the heights, the depths;
He leads; beyond the night is Day,
Eternal in His steps.

Concord Meeting.

This Concord church is in Rankin county. Our meeting was on the first Sunday in August and lasted seven days. The preaching was done by W. A. Sullivan. The church was greatly revived and there were twenty admissions, seventeen for baptism, and three by letter.

I have baptized seventy-five converts in the last three weeks. Bless the Lord!

D. W. Moulder.

Poplar Springs.

We have just closed the meeting at Poplar Springs, Copiah county. Spiritual interest very high. Forty admissions, twenty-six by experience. Pastor doing the preaching. Called same pastor for 1912. Raised the salary to \$175 and railroad expense paid.

A. D. Muse, Pastor.

What wonderful blessings these friendships are—when once we pause to consider that they go on into eternity. What a blessed thought that, although we may drift apart, called from one field to another, the friendships formed as we journey on grow and add beauty and fragrance in the great beyond. I wish you all the joy and gladness that this greatest of glad times can bestow, and may your heart be filled with that pure devoted love, which teaches us to rejoice at your prosperity, grieve at your adversity, add to your joys and diminish your sorrows by sharing in both. That's not only true friendship, but the highest type of Christianity. He who loves his fellow man has in his soul the true Christlike spirit, which brightens life, lightens burdens, and lays up treasures in heaven.—S. I. Long.



From Reaping Hook to Binder.

(A Harvest Carnival with a Display of Ancient and Modern Methods for Gathering the Wheat Crop.)

By Edwin L. Barker
Of I. H. C. Service Bureau

A great day was Saturday, July 8. It was a day in which the interests of children, parents, grandparents, and great grandparents were strangely intermingled. It was a day filled with pleasure and historical and educational values—a vivid, striking contrast of the time that was with the time that is. It marked the advance from much labor and little gain to less labor and more gain for the farmer. It is at a harvest carnival such as this that we of the present are given a bitter-sweet taste of the past, and are set to counting our many blessings.

It was fitting that such a carnival should have been staged near DeKalb, in Illinois, for it was here that C. W. Marsh wrought the Marsh harvester, the link between the self-rake reaper and the modern binder. Mr. Marsh was present, hale and hearty at the age of seventy-seven. The manufacturer of the Marsh harvester caught the interest of William Deering, whose capital and energy later were to assist in the evolution of the Deering machines and a perfect binder twine.

The first machine to enter the field was an old Champion self-rake reaper. Then followed the Marsh harvester, which carried the grain up to a table, where two men stood and did the binding with wisps of straw caught from the bundles. These men were targets for many comments. Their hands did not work as swiftly as in days gone by, and frequently the driver had to pull the horses to a halt, to give the binders a chance to catch up.

The event smacked somewhat of an old settlers' meeting. All visitors under sixty were regarded as children. What does a man of fifty know of the world's progress in the methods of harvesting? Nothing. He is a child—an infant. When one of these youngsters would try his hand at swinging a cradle, the crowd would yell "Look out, don't cut your legs off!" And occasionally the warning came just in time.

The oldest and one of the best cradlers has just slipped over into his ninety-second year. If some of his friends had not stopped him this cradle expert, "Uncle Billy," Allen, they called him, would have cradled the entire acre of

wheat that he might put on record every one of his ninety-odd years as a year of youth, and also, that though long idle, he had not lost the art of cradling.

Believe me or not, cradling is an art—soon to be numbered among the lost arts. We are not sorry to lose this art, since we have a better way—even "Uncle Billy" said so—but it is good to resurrect it now and then, if for no other reason than to remind us of the words that were truer then than now: "Man shall earn his bread in the sweat of his face."

Many varieties of cradles were brought from their hiding places to be used at the Whitmore and Oakland farms. And their names came with them—"Morgan," "Grapevine" and "Turkey-wing."

First, came the reaping hook. After watching it cut a few of the sheaves of wheat one ceased to wonder that the cradle was once hailed as a great invention. One of McCormick's first reapers which required a man to walk along side of it and rake off the grain, could not be obtained. Had one of these reapers been there, it is doubtful if any one present would have understood the trick of raking. The next reaper, with a seat for the raker, also was absent.

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The event smacked somewhat of an old settlers' meeting. All visitors under sixty were regarded as children. What does a man of fifty know of the world's progress in the methods of harvesting? Nothing. He is a child—an infant. When one of these youngsters would try his hand at swinging a cradle, the crowd would yell "Look out, don't cut your legs off!" And occasionally the warning came just in time.

The oldest and one of the best cradlers has just slipped over into his ninety-second year. If some of his friends had not stopped him this cradle expert, "Uncle Billy," Allen, they called him, would have cradled the entire acre of

\$3.50 Recipe Free, For Weak Men.

Send Name and Address Today—
You Can Have It Free and Be
Strong and Vigorous.

I have in my possession a prescription for nervous debility, lack of vigor, weakened manhood, failing memory and lame back, brought on by excesses, unnatural drains, or the follies of youth, that has cured so many worn and nervous men right in their own homes—without any additional help or medicine—that I think every man who wishes to regain his manly power and virility, quickly and quietly, should have a copy. So I have determined to send a copy of the prescription free of charge, in a plain, ordinary sealed envelope to any man who will write me for it.

This prescription comes from a physician who has made a special study of men and I am convinced it is the surest-acting combination for the cure of deficient manhood and vigor failure ever put together.

I think I owe it to my fellow man to send them a copy in confidence so that any man anywhere who is weak and discouraged with repeated failures may stop drugging himself with harmful patent medicines, secure what I believe is the quickest-acting restorative, upbuilding, SPOT-TOUCHING remedy ever devised, and so cure himself at home quietly and quickly. Just drop me a line like this: Dr. A. E. Robinson, 3723 Luck Building, Detroit, Mich., and I will send you a copy of this splendid recipe in a plain ordinary envelope free of charge. A great many doctors would charge \$3.00 to \$5.00 for merely writing out a prescription like this—but I send it entirely free.

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NATURE'S
FOUNTAIN

Just a week or two at this famous Mineral Springs Resort may do for you what it has done for thousands of sufferers from

LIVER, STOMACH AND
KIDNEY DISEASES

If the art of man has failed to relieve your physical infirmities, try Mother Nature's wonderful gift

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MINERAL WATER

Ask Your Doctor

Discovered by the medicine men of the Cherokee Indians, frequented by the pioneer settlers of Tennessee. The Favorite Health Resort of today. Excellent Hotel and family accommodations. Write for prices and booklets.

If you cannot come write for prices of water delivered to your home.

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Rhea Springs, Tenn.

On the Q & C R. R. two hours
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The most substantial monument the monument that is time-lasting and beautiful beyond comparison, the monument that is a fitting tribute of love and esteem, is made of

GEORGIA
MARBLE

It is superior to granite for monumental work, exterior and interior building, its crystalline formation being so closely interlocked as to prevent absorption or decomposition. It matches up superbly, and the lettering presents a striking contrast to the background, standing out bold and visible from a distance. This makes Georgia Marble the stone for public monuments. "CHEROKEE" is a beautiful silver grey, "CREOLE" is mottled black and white, "ETOWAH" an exquisite pink and "KENNEBUNK" a pure white.

Ask your dealer to show you samples, and if he can't supply you, write us, and we will put you in touch with a nearby dealer who can.

Georgia Marble Co.

Tate, Ga.

Best Thing Made

April 1, 1910, Dothan, Ala.
I began handling Johnson's Tonic in Blakely, Ga., in 1904. I now moved to Dothan, Ala. Have sold more than 1000 bottles. Use in my family for Cough, Fever, and La Grippe. In all the years I have been selling it, never had but 3 come back. Both parents admitted afterwards they had not used it right.

H. Q. FRAZIER.

April 1, 1910, Greenwood, S. C.
I have had Johnson's Tonic in my family for 5 years. It will you claim for it is more too. It cures the typical Hemorrhage Fever. I have seen it under 1000 cases 5 years ago but for C. H. C. T. Tell this to the world. It may save some man's life.

A. P. ALDRICH

Drives away trace and taint of Malaria. Drives out the Blood.

You Look Prematurely Old

Because of those ugly, grizzly gray hairs. Use "LA CREOLE" HAIR DRESSING. Price \$1.00, retail.

FOR SALE.

Very desirable building lot located in the town of Clinton, Mississippi. It is held for \$500.00. Call at Clinton and look at it, or write me at Lorman, Miss.

W. G. MARBLE.

Thursday, August 17, 1911.

THE BAPTIST RECORD.

15.

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CALCIUM CARBIDE
Highest quality, lowest price.
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We also sell DYNAMITE AND BLASTING SUPPLIES.

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Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup
Has been used for OVER SIXTY-FIVE YEARS by MILLIONS of MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. It SOOTHES the CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN; CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best remedy for DIARRHOEA. Sold by Druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" and take no other kind. Twenty-five cents a box. AN OLD AND WELL TRIED REMEDY.

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To all the popular summer resorts in the North, East and West. Tickets on sale daily until September 30. Final limit, October 31st. Variable routes to many points. Liberal stop-overs. Through sleeper service to Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York. No change.

For further information apply to
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FOR SALE.

Very desirable building lot located in the town of Clinton, Mississippi. It is held for \$500.00. Call at Clinton and look at it, or write me at Lorman, Miss.

W. G. MARBLE.

Show our samples to three of your friends, take less time and make profits enough to get this swell suit made out of it. No trouble, simply show our new up-to-date samples. Everybody surprised, prices so low, styles so beautiful, colors so good, that you will be sure to get a perfect fit or no sale. You can make \$5.00 a day easily. Write quick and get samples and agents' outfit free, every detail given. Send for our catalog, price of \$1.00 for yourself. It's a wonderful chance.

BANNER TAILORING CO., Dept. L, Chicago.

wrong with the flail. It was too long or too short, or this or that, or the other. There was nothing the matter with the men. Oh no! The singer is never off key or out of time. No! It's always the piano or accompaniment. To understand just how far progress has traveled on the farm, see a flail and a threshing machine standing side by side.

Farmers from different parts of the State had sent in a lot of old, old relics of the agricultural past. The collection included rakes made of wood, a pitchfork so small that it might have been a giant's table fork, candle molds, lanterns, a footwarmer such as our forebears carried to church on cold days, and an ancient spinning wheel, with which an old lady spun wool.

Oh, but wait! I had almost forgotten the old dinner horn. Small as it is, it emphasized the fact that each generation is an adept in the arts and practices peculiar to that generation. No more, no less. Not one of the youngish, husky, big-lunged men could get more than a joke of a sound out of the dinner horn. It was not until an old man raised his head and placed the horn to his lips that a great blast went echoing across the distant fields. And then he laughed: "Why, it's easy. The women blew these horns when I was young." Then with a note of reminiscence in his voice: "We used to think it was the sweetest music we ever heard."

All the old things we like to remember as belonging to the harvest time were there—all save the little brown jug and the "swizzle." Don't you know what "swizzle" is? Then you are not as old as I thought you were. Why, man, "swizzle" was the stuff that was in the jug. Now if you don't know what "swizzle" is, go and ask your grandfather.

It was suggested and we pass the suggestion along, that other farmers in other sections pull off similar carnivals. They recall pleasant memories to the older folks and whet the appreciation of the younger.

Five minutes after the tardy gong had struck, the principal of the school was walking through the lower hall when he saw a pudgy little fellow scampering towards the first grade room as fast as his fast legs would carry him. "See here, young man, I want to talk to you," called the principal to the late comer. "I ain't got

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Sunburn and Windburn

As soon as applied on the hot, tender skin. Usually the soreness is entirely gone the next morning, and all danger of blistering or peeling is averted. This is accomplished with

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A highly refined and delightfully refreshing snow-white liquid complexion cream, that is used by countless thousands of attractive women. It contains no grease, bleach or other harmful ingredients and is positively guaranteed not to grow hair. It keeps the skin naturally soft and smooth, thereby retarding any tendency to small wrinkles. It makes the skin as clear and fresh as a child.

There is only one genuine, original Hinds Honey and Almond Cream—on the market 35 years and selling throughout the world. Do not accept substitutes, for you will be disappointed.—Price, 50c in bottles. Sold by all dealers.

For Free Trial Bottle write A. S. HINDS, 72 West St., Portland, Me.

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Treats all forms of chronic, nervous and Skin Diseases, Rheumatism in all its forms, Neuralgia, Paralysis, Headache, Backache, Goiter, all forms of indigestion, Constipation and Sleeplessness, Cancers and Ulcers of all kinds. Relieves Stricture without dilating or cutting. Removes Moles, Warts, and all small tumors.

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Advanced Quarterly	2
Intermediate Quarterly	2
Junior Quarterly	2
Home Department Magazine (quarterly)	5
Children's Quarterly	1
Lesson Leaf	1
Primary Leaf	1
Child's Gem	1
Kind Word's (weekly)	15
Young and Wende's (semi-monthly)	6
Baptist Boys and Girls (large 4 page weekly)	8
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Picture Lesson Cards	25
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Topic Card, 75 cents per hundred.
How to organize with constitution and By-Laws
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No. 3

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Southern Railway is a close, careful buyer, so they chose

Cortright Metal Shingles for their fine station at Rome, Ga. (see illustration), making it proof against flying sparks, stress of storms and the waste of wear. It is the best roof money can buy, for either big or little houses; sold painted or galvanized—easily laid or not tinkering after laying. Write for dealer's name. If we haven't an agency in your locality, tell particulars, samples and prices will be promptly sent to those actually in need of roofing.

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Save Money to Buy A Farm or Home.

The easiest and best way in the world to save and accumulate money to buy a farm or home, is to buy our Installment 6 per cent Accumulative Compound Interest Bonds.

\$4.00 per year for five years buys a \$500.00 Bond.

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These Bonds are guaranteed by Real Estate Mortgages double the face of the Mortgages and the entire Capital and Surplus of the Great Delta Mortgage Loan & Guaranty Company.

These Bonds are the same as cash as you can withdraw what you have put into them after one year, with interest at not less than 5 per cent. They are the best asset in the world to borrow money on.

Any person with money to invest and wanting safe security, will find our five- and ten-year 6 per cent Coupon Bonds as safe as Government Bonds. With this class of Bond, you pay cash in a lump sum for what you want and clip your coupons annually, present them to the Company and receive 6 per cent interest.

We lend money on farm and business property for five to ten years. Buy mortgages and vendors' men notes. Write for particulars.

Great Delta Mortgage Loan and Guaranty Co. Jackson, Miss.

Living Peaceably With Others.

It is not everyone who can live peaceably with others. Even though there is the strongest desire to do so, some fail. Not that they become quarrelsome and abusive, but they simply cannot get on well together. They make each other unhappy. Why so? They have not cultivated the art of being at peace with others.

To live at peace with others implies several things: First, they who live together should remember that it is a sort of co-operative process. Each one has something to do to bring about the desired peace—something to do for others. Not to be ministered unto, but to minister unto them.

This is different from that view which some take, the view that they are to be made comfortable without any special regard to the ease of others. When each one in a family thinks thus of getting something rather than bestowing something, there is sure to be alienation, if not conflict.

Second, to live peaceably together, people have to bear many things patiently. There are unintentional occasions of offense and there is much liability to misunderstanding the meaning and purposes of others. If any one is easily offended, he will be often offended. When irritation

ceases and anger cools down, it is sometimes given people to see how foolish they have been and how easy it has been to have kept one's temper and restrained the complaining words.

It is part of the training in the art of living peaceably with others to consider often what must happen if there is not peace at home. When tempted to complain and to condemn, it would be well to look ahead at what may result from this giving way to a wrong spirit. Where is the gain? Rather, where is the loss?

Whoever has seen a home that is not peaceful, knows how unhappy people may be who are compelled to live in it. There is nothing that could not have been better endured than the alienation and strife that followed the breaking up of the peace of that family.—St. Louis Christian Advocate.

To Husband and Wife.

Preserve sacredly the privacies of your own house, your married state and your heart. Let no father or mother or sister or brother ever presume to come between you or share the joys or sorrows that belong to you two alone.

With mutual help build your quiet world, not allowing your dearest earthly friends to be the confidant of aught that concerns

your domestic peace. Let moments of alienation, if they occur, be healed at once. Never, no, never, speak of it outside; but to each other confess and all will come out right. Never let the morrow's sun still find you at variance. Renew and renew your vow. It will do you good; and thereby your minds will grow together contented in that love which is stronger than death, and you will be truly one.—National Magazine.

Keep Happy Rules.

It is one thing to be happy—for an hour, a day, a week. But it is quite another matter to KEEP happy. A few little "keeps" have been suggested as guide-posts along the way to that big "keep" which means so much not only to ourselves, but to all who may come within our reflecting radius:

Keep cheerful. Hunting trouble ruins more nerves than trouble when it arrives.

Keep alert. Mental ruts make more hypochondriacs than does overwrought imagination.

Keep physically active. The inert woman who hates to move is usually the greatest growler about her health.

Keep clean. The close connection between the pores of the skin and good health is not considered carefully enough.

Keep interested. There is nothing like a fad of an object in life to put aches and pains into the background.

Keep busy. The Satanic mischief provided for idle hands is better known than the physical mischief that hounds the woman with time to think about her health.

Keep your feet warm. More cold is taken through the ankles than in any other way, so do not run in low shoes all winter.

Keep away from drugs. Walk more and take medicine less.

Keep a curb on your appetite. Overeating is the menace of the age.

Keep out of debt. There is nothing like money troubles to worry one to death. Care will kill the nine-lived cat, and what gives more care than a budget of debts with no money to settle?

Keep smiling.—From the Continent.

Putting Off.

What made you stop right in the middle of your sentence and then start to talking about something entirely different? The questioner laughed and her friend joined in as she replied to the puzzled query.

"If I think in time I make it a rule never to say today the mean thing that can be put off until tomorrow," she explained. "By tomorrow it is out of date and does not get said at all."

Which goes to prove that putting off—of a certain sort—is not always the bad habit we have been used to believe it. How about the falsehood that tempts? Put it off until a quiet moment, it is easily banished forever, and one can be honestly glad that he did not "do it now." What of the doubtful amusement? Put aside until one has time to investigate or think it over, it loses its lure. Whoever repented of the dishonest deed put off until later reflection or great courage came to conquer it?

Oh, yes—putting off—of a certain sort—is a pretty good thing. Some things there are that must be settled on the spot. Others there are which can be most easily put off—and killed later on with mustered strength and courage, which, perhaps, were lacking at the earlier moment.—The Comrade.

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